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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/053,703	01/24/2002	Joel Maurin	T2147-907679	7844
181	7590 10/31/2006		EXAM	INER
MILES & STOCKBRIDGE PC			OKORONKWO, CHINWENDU C	
SUITE 500			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MCLEAN, VA 22102-3833			2136	

DATE MAILED: 10/31/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/053,703	MAURIN ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Chinwendu C. Okoronkwo	2136					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appreciation for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 Au	<u>ıgust 2006</u> .						
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
• •	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.							
	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D  5) Notice of Informal F						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	are (pproduct)					

## **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-8 are presented for examination.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Devine et al. (US Patent No. 6,598,167) and further in view of Grantges et al. (US Patent No. 6,510,464).

Regarding claim 1, Devine et al., discloses a method for communicating to a server machine a certificate of a user sent by a client machine via a security module of a computer system, wherein a first protocol used between the client machine and the server machine is an HTTP or an equivalent protocol, and a second security protocol such as SSL or an equivalent protocol is implemented between the client machine and the security module, said method comprising: transmitting the request, including said cookie header containing said certificate, from the security module to the server machine (0029,0066.0083,0130 and 0131).

Devine et al. is silent in disclosing inserting said certificate into a cookie header of a request in the first protocol, however Grantges et al. doses disclose this limitation (col. 2 lines 36-54 and col. 10 lines 6-31). It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to combine the secure gateway having routing feature of Grantges et al. with the secure customer interface for web based data management of Devine et al. Grantges et al, provide motivation for this combination in the recitation, "In a preferred embodiment, the identifier comprises a character string associate with the application to which the user of the remote client computer is provided access. The gateway is configured to create a cookie containing the identifier wherein subsequent requests made by the client computer also include the cookie containing the identifier. Through the foregoing, the identification of the selected application is known by the gateway (col. 3 lines 21-29 of Grantges et al.)." Therefore it would have been obvious to combine these concepts as it is the preferred manner of provided increased security to transmitted messages.

Regarding claim 2, Devine et al., discloses method according to claim 1, further comprising: removing from said certificate all separators used in headers of the request prior to insertion of said certificate into said cookie header (0131 of Devine et al.).

Regarding <u>claim 3</u>, <u>Devine et al.</u>, discloses a method according to claim 1, further comprising: determining, prior to the inserting step, whether an existing cookie header is present in the request sent by the client machine, and creating a new cookie header if said existing cookie header is not present in the request sent by the client machine. (0124 of Devine et al.).

Regarding claim 4, Devine et al., is silent in disclosing a method according to claim 3, further comprising: adding a specific cookie into the existing or new cookie header, and assigning a configurable default name to said specific cookie to enable the server machine to distinguish the certificate from cookies of the request, however Grantges et al. doses disclose this limitation (col. 2 lines 36-54 and col. 10 lines 6-31). It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to combine the secure gateway having routing feature of Grantges et al. with the secure customer interface for web based data management of Devine et al. Grantges et al. provide motivation for this combination in the recitation, "In a preferred embodiment, the identifier comprises a character string associate with the application to which the user of the remote client computer is provided access. The gateway is configured to create a cookie containing the identifier wherein subsequent requests made by the client computer also include the cookie containing the identifier. Through the foregoing, the identification of the selected application is known by the gateway (col. 3 lines 21-29 of Grantges et al.)." Therefore it would have been obvious to combine

these concepts as it is the preferred manner of provided increased security to transmitted messages.

Regarding <u>claim 5</u>, <u>Devine et al.</u>, discloses a method according to claim 1, further comprising: transmitting to the server machine the request sent by the client machine into which the certificate has been inserted (0130 and 0131 of Devine et al.).

Regarding claim 6, Devine et al., is silent in disclosing a security machine for securing exchanges between a client machine and a server machine of a computer system, wherein a first protocol used between the client machine and server machine is an HTTP or an equivalent protocol, and a second security protocol such as SSL or an equivalent protocol is implemented between the client machine and said security machine, said security machine comprising: an analyzer for enabling the transmission of a certificate into a cookie header of an HTTP or equivalent request (0130 and 0131 of Devine et al.).

Regarding <u>claim 7</u>, <u>Devine et al.</u>, discloses a system comprising: a client machine, a server machine, and a security module (0029, 0066, 0083, 0130 and 0131 of <u>Devine et al.</u>).

Application/Control Number: 10/053,703

Art Unit: 2136

Devine et al., is silent in disclosing a first protocol used between the client machine and the server machine is an HTTP or an equivalent protocol, wherein a second security protocol such as SSL or an equivalent protocol is implemented between the client machine and the security module, and wherein the security module comprises an analyzing program for enabling transmission of a certificate sent by the client machine into a cookie header of an HTTP or equivalent request, however Grantges et al. doses disclose this limitation (col. 2 lines 36-54 and col. 10 lines 6-31). It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to combine the secure gateway having routing feature of Grantges et al. with the secure customer interface for web based data management of Devine et al. Grantges et al. provide motivation for this combination in the recitation, "In a preferred embodiment, the identifier comprises a character string associate with the application to which the user of the remote client computer is provided access. The gateway is configured to create a cookie containing the identifier wherein subsequent requests made by the client computer also include the cookie containing the identifier. Through the foregoing, the identification of the selected application is known by the gateway (col. 3 lines 21-29 of Grantges et al.)." Therefore it would have been obvious to combine these concepts as it is the preferred manner of provided increased security to transmitted messages.

Page 6

Application/Control Number: 10/053,703 Page 7

Art Unit: 2136

Regarding <u>claim 8</u>, <u>Devine et al.</u>, discloses program integrated into a security module that allows the method according to claim 1 to be executed when the program is run in a machine (0149 of <u>Devine et al.</u>).

Application/Control Number: 10/053,703

Art Unit: 2136

## Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chinwendu C. Okoronkwo whose telephone number is (571) 272 2662. The examiner can normally be reached on MWF 9:30 - 7:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nasser Moazzami can be reached on (571) 272 4195. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

CCO

October 28, 2006

NASSER MOAZZAMI SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINED TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100

10,29,06